

Environmental Product Declaration

BREG EN EPD No.: 000110

ECO EPD Ref. No.: 000334

This is to certify that this verified Environmental Product Declaration provided by:

Sika Ltd.

aration Issue: 01 Product

Is in accordance with the requirements of

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

This declaration is for:

SikaProof P

Company Address

Watchmead

Welwyn Garden City AL7 1BQ



BUILDING TRUST

Signed for BRE Global Ltd

Laura Critien Operator

tien 17 March 2016

Date of this Issue

17 March 2016

16 March 2021

Date of First Issue

Expiry Date



This verified Environmental Product Declaration is issued subject to terms and conditions (for details visit www.greenbooklive.com/terms).

To check the validity of this EPD please visit www.greenbooklive.com/check or contact us.

BRE Global Ltd., Garston, Watford WD25 9XX.

T: +44 (0)333 32188 11 F: +44 (0)1923 664603 E: Enquiries@breglobal.com





EPD verification and LCA details

Demonstration of	Verification
CEN standard EN 15804 ser	ves as the core PCR ^a
Independent verification of the declaration and	d data according to EN ISO 14025:2010
Internal	External
Third party ve	
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-t	co-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

LCA Consultant	Verifier
Sika Services AG	Kim Allbury
Tüffenwies 16	BRE Global
	Bucknalls Lane
Zurich	Watford
8048	WD25 9XX
www.sika.com/sustainability	www.bre.co.uk

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General Information

Summary

This environmental product declaration is for 1 square metre of SikaProof P produced by Sika Ltd. at the following manufacturing facilities:

Sika Manufacturing CH-Sarnen Industriestrasse

Sarnen 6060 Switzerland

This is a Cradle to grave EPD. The life cycle stages included are as shown below (X = included, MND = module not declared):

	Product Construction			truction	Re	Use stage Related to the building fabric Related to the building					Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary					
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction - Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water use	Deconstruction	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
X	Х	Х	X	x	Х	Х	Х	Х	x	Х	x	Х	Х	Х	Х	X

Programme Operator

BRE Global, Watford, Herts, WD25 9XX, United Kingdom.

This declaration is based on the BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.

Comparability

Environmental declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the product category rules used and the source of the data, e.g. the database. See EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance.

Construction Product

Product Description

SikaProof P is a cold- and post-applied, self-adhesive, fully bonded composite sheet membrane waterproofing system based on high flexible FPO membrane. SikaProof P is available in 1 m wide and 1.2 mm thickness (SikaProof P-12).

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Technical Information

Property	Value	Unit
Visual defects as per EN 1850-2	Pass	-
Straightness as per EN 1848-2	≤ 50	mm/ 10m
Resistance to impact as per EN12691	≥ 200	mm
Resistance to static load as per EN-12730	≥ 20	Kg
Elongation (machine direction) as per EN-12311-2	≥ 350	%
Elongation (cross direction) as per EN12311-2	≥ 350	%
Tensile strength (machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 6.0	N/ mm²
Tensile strength (cross direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 6.0	N/ mm²
Resistance to tearing (nail shank) (machine direction) as per EN 12310-1	≥ 200	N
Resistance to tearing (nail shank) (cross direction) as per EN 12310-1	≥ 200	N
Joint sheer resistance as per EN 12317-2	≥ 125	N/ 50mm
Water vapour transmission as per EN 1931	sd = 78	М
Reaction to fire as per EN13501	Class E	-

Product Contents

Material/Chemical Input	%
Thermoplastic polyolefins	35 – 50
Stabilizers (UV/heat)	0 – 1
Pigments	0-1
Fillers	5 – 10
Sealant adhesive	40 – 50

Manufacturing Process

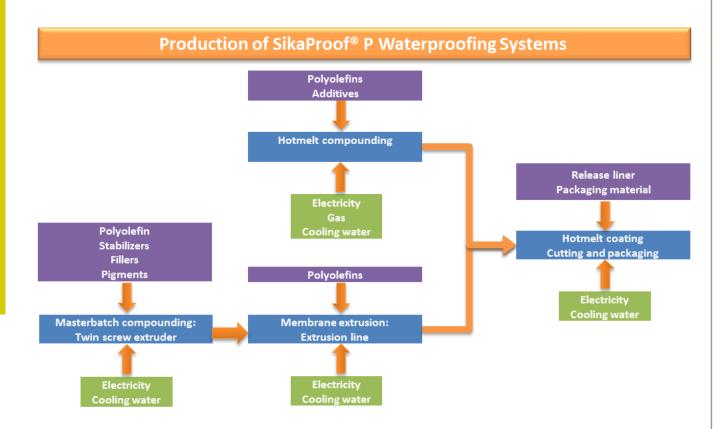
A master batch is compounded on an extruder using a small part of the polymer and all powdery ingredients as stabilizers, fillers and colours. This master batch is pelletized and blended inline with additional polymers and extruded into the membrane

Line start-up waste and edge trim are inline processed and fed to the extruder again. The membrane is wound to master rolls. The membrane is inline coated with hotmelt sealant and protected with a release liner. Finally the edge is trimmed, the membrane wound to contractor rolls, single-roll packaged and palletized.

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The process flow diagram is shown below:



Construction Installation

SikaProof P is cold-applied and post-applied, as it is installed without heat or open-flames, by peel and stick onto the existing harden concrete structure. Therefore the substrate have to be prepared according to the requirements of the method statement for SikaProof P system, which includes the use of primer system SikaProof Primer-01.

The overlaps of the sheets are adhered by overlap the sheets 90 mm, therefore the average consumption of membrane per 1 m2 is approx. plus 9%.

Installation work must be carried out only by Sika instructed contractors.

Please see www.sika.co.uk for datasheet.

Use Information

During the service life of the building there is no ordinary maintenance, repair/refurbishment or replacement required, if the SikaProof membrane system is correctly and properly applied.

On the other hand the high durability and reliability of the fully bond waterproofing system SikaProof will limited any repair work to a minimum, if a membrane damage occur.

The fully bond characteristic will prevent any lateral water underflow of the membrane in the event of any leakage. Therefore no scenario for repair work is defined.

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Reference Service Life

The reference service life of SikaProof A is as stated by the BBA Agrement Certificate 13/5075 for the life of the structure in which they have been incorporated. See BBA for details. SikaProof P-12 membrane is made of the same material and will provide an effective barrier to the transmission of water and water vapour for the life of the structure. Therefore a 60-year building service life can be assumed.

End of Life

At the end of its service life the building is demolished, and as the SikaProof systems are attached to the concrete it is generally taken to landfill. The demolition process concerns mainly the concrete structure of which the SikaProof system is a minor part. Therefore, for this stage no other steps are considered necessary except for the transportation to landfill and landfilling.

Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit

1 m2 of waterproofing system for a reference service life of 60 years.

System boundary

In accordance with the modular approach as defined in EN 15804, this cradle to grave EPD includes the product stage (A1-A3), construction process stage (A4-A5), use stage (B1-B7) and end-of-life stage (C1-C4).

Data sources, quality and allocation

The primary data provided by Sika derive from the plant at Sarnen, Switzerland for 2013. Background LCI datasets are taken from the databases of GaBi software and ecoinvent Version 3.1. All datasets are less than 10 years old. Production waste that was reclaimed and reused internally was simulated as closed-loop recycling in Modules A1-A3. Benefits from incineration of product loses and for the disposal of packaging are credited in Module D; this also applies to the reuse of wooden pallets.

Cut-off criteria

All data was taken into consideration (recipe constituents, thermal energy used, electricity used). Transportation was considered for all inputs and outputs. The manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not taken into account in the LCA.

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LCA Results

(INA = Indicator not assessed, AGG = Aggregated, NA = Not Applicable)

Indicator		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3
Indicator	Unit	Raw Material supply	Transport to factory	Manufacturing	Merged A1/A2/A3	Transport to site	Construction - installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair
Environmen	tal impacts p	er declared	functional	unit						
GWP	kg CO₂ eq.	AGG	AGG	AGG	3.67	0.0955	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	AGG	AGG	AGG	8.17E-09	3.92E-13	6.85E-09	0.00	0.00	0.00
AP	kg SO₂ eq.	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00937	0.000471	0.00209	0.00	0.00	0.00
EP	kg (PO₄)³- eq.	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00189	0.000118	0.000402	0.00	0.00	0.00
POCP	kg C₂H₄ eq.	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00147	5.11E-05	0.0465	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADPE	kg Sb eq.	AGG	AGG	AGG	2.25E-06	3.74E-09	5.35E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADPF	MJ eq.	AGG	AGG	AGG	113	1.32	24.2	0.00	0.00	0.00

GWP = Global Warming Potential (Climate Change); ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential; AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water; EP = Eutrophication Potential; POCP = Photochemical Ozone Creation; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential - Fossil Fuels

Resource us	se									
PERE	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	3.24	0.00	0.356	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERM	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	3.82	0.00	0.421	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	7.06	0.0735	0.911	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRE	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	63.6	0.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRM	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	53.5	0.00	5.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	117	1.32	24.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
SM	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m³	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.107	0.000129	0.108	0.00	0.00	0.00

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

Waste to dis	posal									
HWD	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.000148	6.25E-07	1.68E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00
NHWD	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.049	0.000187	0.0137	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRWD	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.0016	1.80E-06	0.000228	0.00	0.00	0.00
RWDHL	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	2.05E-06	2.60E-09	2.69E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; TRWD = Total Radioactive waste disposed; RWDHL = Radioactive waste disposed (high-level nuclear waste)

Other outpu	t flows									
CRU	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EE	MJ	AGG	AGG	AGG	0.00	0.00	0.699	0.00	0.00	0.00

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Export energy

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LCA Results (continued)

(INA = Indicator not assessed, AGG = Aggregated, NA = Not Applicable)

Indicator		B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
Indicator	Unit	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	Reuse/ Recovery/ Recycling Potential		
Environmen	Environmental impacts per declared/functional unit											
GWP	kg CO₂ eq.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0227	0.00	0.0252	-0.363		
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.03E-13	-1.86E-09		
AP	kg SO₂ eq.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000101	0.00	0.000153	-0.0013		
EP	kg (PO₄)³- eq.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.60E-05	0.00	2.10E-05	-0.00081		
POCP	kg C₂H₄ eq.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02E-05	0.00	1.43E-05	-1.24E-04		
ADPE	kg Sb eq.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.36E-09	-1.11E-07		
ADPF	MJ eq.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.329	-6.54		

GWP = Global Warming Potential (Climate Change); ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential; AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water; EP = Eutrophication Potential; POCP = Photochemical Ozone Creation; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential - Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential - Fossil Fuels

Resource us	se									
PERE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0337	-2.64
PENRE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.342	-7.96
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m³	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.48E-05	-0.0478

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

Waste to dis	Waste to disposal												
HWD	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06E-07	-2.22E-06			
NHWD	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	-0.0023			
TRWD	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.45E-06	-5.56E-04			
RWDHL	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.02E-09	-8.43E-07			

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; TRWD = Total Radioactive waste disposed; RWDHL = Radioactive waste disposed (high-level nuclear waste)

Other output flows										
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Export energy

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Scenarios and Additional Technical Information

Module A4 – Transport to the building site						
Vehicle Type	Fuel Consumption (L/km)	Distance (km)	Capacity Utilisation (%)	Density Of Product (kg/m³)		
Truck	0.000034	915	85	1000		

Module A5 - Installation in the building						
Parameter	Description	Unit	Value			
Ancillary materials for installation	Overlap	%	10			
Ancillary materials for installation	Primer	kg/m2	0.2			
Waste materials from installation wastage	Losses	%	1			
Direct emissions to air, soil and water	VOC	kg/m2	0.1			

Module B2 - Maintenance			
Parameter	Description	Unit	Value
Maintenance process description or source of information	None necessary		

Module B3 - Repair						
Parameter	Description	Unit	Value			
Repair process description or source of information	None necessary					

Module B4 – Replacement			
Parameter	Description	Unit	Value
Replacement cycle	None necessary		

Module B5 - Refurbishment					
Parameter	Description	Unit	Value		
Refurbishment process description or source of information	None necessary				

End-of-life modules – C1, C3, and C4					
Parameter	Description	Unit	Value		
Waste for final disposal	Landfill	%	100		

Module C2 – Transport to waste processing						
Vehicle Type	Fuel Consumption (L/km)	Distance (km)	Capacity Utilisation (%)	Density Of Product (kg/m³)		
Truck	0.000034	250	85	100		

Module D - Reuse/Recovery/Recycling Potential

The benefits from incineration of waste produced during installation are credited in Module D as avoided generation of electricity and thermal energy, since in modern incineration plants the energy of combustion is used to produce power and thermal energy. The partial reuse of pallets from packaging is also included in Module D as avoided production of new pallets.

Interpretation

The following chart shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use in a dominance analysis. It is clear that most impacts come from Module A1-3, though the installation of the system (A5) also contributes, due to the impacts from the primer and its application (the VOC emissions are visible for POCP - Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential), and due to the impacts from losses and overlap and waste

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disposal as well. For this reason, the Product Stage is examined more closely in the following interpretation. More than 40% of the impacts come from the membrane formulation, except for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources - PERT (where 63% is from packaging due to the use of carton and wood), EP (Eutrophication Potential), where packaging contributes with 50%, and ODP (Ozone Depletion Potential), to which the hotmelt sealant is the greatest contributor (70%). The hotmelt sealant has a similar contribution as the membrane formulation (around 40%) to ADPF (Abiotic Depletion Potential - Fossil Fuels), POCP and the total use of non-renewable primary energy resources -PENRT. The production processes (mainly the Swiss energy inputs) contribute mostly to GWP (Global Warming Potential) with 7%, and to PERT (13%).

Within the membrane's formulation, the main contributor to the impacts is the polymer, which also represents the greatest part of the raw materials, with at least 90%. The impacts from the other raw materials (fillers, pigments and stabilizers) are much lower.

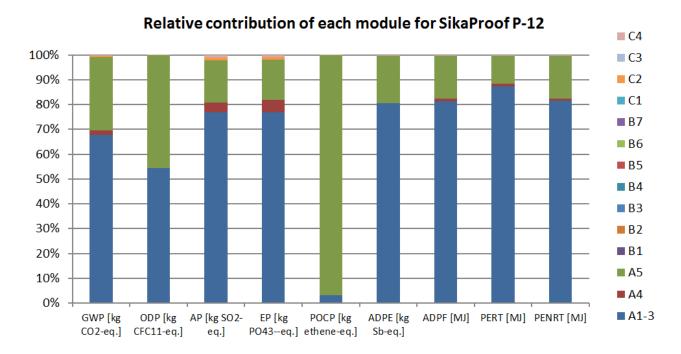


Figure 1

Sources of additional information

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BSI. Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products. BS EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. London, BSI, 2013.

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