

Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000172 ECO EPD Ref. No. 00000642 This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration

provided by:

Sika Services AG

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for: Sika® CoolRoof PUD

Company Address

Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich



Issue 2



BUILDING TRUST



Signed for BRE Global Ltd

02 February 2018

BRE/Global

EPD

Emma Baker

Operator

Date of this Issue

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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000172

General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool
Sika Services AG Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich www.sika.com/sustainability	Sika Services AG Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich www.sika.com/sustainability GaBi Version 7.3.3, Databases 2017 Edition
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage
This declaration is for Sika® CoolRoof PUD - 1m ² installed system for a reference service life of 10 years.	Product Specific.
EPD Type	Background database
Cradle to Gate with options	GaBi
Demonstra	ation of Verification

Demonstration of Verification

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR ^a

Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010

□Internal
□ External

(Where appropriate ^b)Third party verifier: Kim Allbury

- a: Product category rules
- b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance



Information modules covered

	Product		Const	ruction	Use stage				End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond				
	10000		301130	dollon	Rel	ated to	the bui	Ilding fabric Related to the building		End of me				the system boundary		
A1	A2	А3	A4	A 5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
V	☑	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$									V	\checkmark	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	\square

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site

Specific Sika® CoolRoof PUD for the EMEA region. The EMEA extrapolation is based on UK data. The transport distances were adapted to EMEA region, typical and average transport distances at Sika in EMEA region were used for raw materials transport, as well as for transport to building site and transport to waste final disposal and processing.

Construction Product:

Product Description

Sika® CoolRoof PUD is a cold applied system and highly reflective waterproofing system with two components, Sikalastic®-612 as base coat and Sikalastic®-570 as top coat. It is applied to enhance surface appearance and to reduce cooling and overall energy consumption in conditioned buildings. It conforms with LEED® v2009/ v4 requirements and the attested initial SRI of 106 and three-year aged SRI of 90 exceed the cool roof requirements of LEED®. The base coat is a mono-component, cold-applied, seamless, moisture triggered polyurethane waterproofing membrane. The top coat component is a UV-stable, water-based liquid applied membrane, designed to provide a durable, colour stable highly reflective top coat for waterproofing systems for roof refurbishment.

The results in this EPD refer to the standard 1.5 mm system reinforced with Sikalastic® Fleece-120, consisting of an embeddment layer of 1 L/m² and a top coat of 0.25 L/m².

Technical Information

Property		Value, Unit
Tensile Strength as per EN ISO 527-3 120	Top coat Base coat unreinforced Base coat reinforced with Sikalastic® Fleece-	~15 N/mm² ~4.5 N/mm² ~8 N/mm²
Elongation at break as per EN ISO 527-3 120	Top coat Base coat unreinforced Base coat reinforced with Sikalastic® Fleece-	~250 % ~180 % ~50 %
Solar reflectance as per ASTM E 1980	Top coat	108 ¹⁾
Service Temperature	Top coat Base coat	-20 °C min. / +90 °C max. -20 °C min. / +80 °C max.

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1) All values refer to the initial (properly cured, non-weathered) status of white product

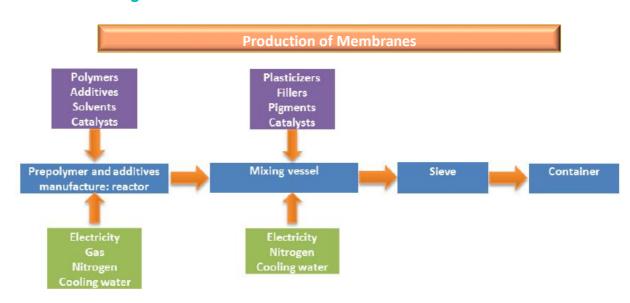
Main Product Contents

Material/Chemical Input	%
Polymers	20 – 40
Plasticizer	< 5
Additives	< 5
Pigments	20 – 35
Solvents	< 10
Fillers	10 – 20

Manufacturing Process

A computer-generated batch card is raised with details of the required raw material proportions, order of additions and production conditions. This process is followed by the manufacture of a pre-polymer and hardener by Incorez Ltd under the control of Sika Ltd., in accordance with formal quality plans. The specified ingredients are blended and reacted together in stainless steel cylindrical mixing vessels in accordance with pre-set parameters which include temperature, mixing, time, vacuum pressure, and this is done under a nitrogen blanket to eliminate moisture. Every batch is QC tested both in process and on completion in accordance with formal quality plans. Once completed the batches are gravity fed via a filtering system into filing hoppers and tinned off as specified with nitrogen purging to each container.

Process flow diagram



Construction Installation

The Sika® CoolRoof PUD is a system of two components. It is a single pack coating that is cold applied on site; it cures to provide completely seamless waterproofing protection with an aesthetically pleasing finish. The



membrane is fully reinforced with Sikalastic® Fleece-120, which is easily moulded around detail areas allowing speed of application on complex roofs.

Use Information

Installation works must be carried out only by registered Sika contractors, in accordance with Sika instructions and the project specification. During the service life of the membrane system there is no ordinary maintenance, repair/refurbishment or replacement required, if it is correctly and properly applied. Therefore no scenario for the use phase and maintenance is defined.

End of Life

When the Sika® CoolRoof PUD reaches the end of its life, the system may be primed and further material applied. At the end of its service life the building is demolished, and as the Sika® CoolRoof PUD systems are attached to the substrate it is generally taken to landfill. The demolition process concerns mainly the structure of which the membrane system is a minor part. Therefore, for this stage no other steps are considered necessary except for the transportation to landfill and landfilling.

Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1 m² installed system for a reference service life of 10 years.

System boundary

In accordance with the modular approach as defined in EN 15804, this cradle to gate with options EPD includes the product stage (A1-A3), construction process stage (A4-A5), and end-of-life stage (C1-C4).

Data sources, quality and allocation

The primary data provided by Sika derive from the plant at Preston, UK for 2016, with total site mass-weighted allocation to product, as the process is similar for all membranes produced there. The EMEA extrapolation is based on UK data. The transport distances were adapted to EMEA region, typical and average transport distances at Sika in EMEA region were used for raw materials transport, as well as for transport to building site and transport to waste final disposal and processing.

Background LCI datasets are taken from the databases of GaBi software Version 7.3.3 with Database 2017 and ecoinvent Version 3.3. All datasets are less than 6 years old.

Benefits from incineration and landfilling of product losses and for the disposal of packaging are credited in Module D; this also applies to the reuse of wooden pallets.

Cut-off criteria

All data was taken into consideration (recipe constituents, thermal energy used, electricity used). Transportation was considered for all inputs and outputs. The manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not taken into account in the LCA.



LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	nviro	nmental	impacts					
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF
			kg CO ₂ equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO ₂ equiv.	kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Froduct stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	5.55	4.85E-08	1.30E-02	7.74E-01	1.81E-03	2.60E-05	1.12E+02
Construction	Transport	A4	7.71E-02	2.59E-14	3.60E-04	8.88E-05	3.29E-05	6.20E-09	1.07
process stage	Construction	A5	2.34	4.85E-09	1.85E-03	7.91E-02	3.23E-02	2.63E-06	1.29E+01
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	2.64E-02	5.26E-16	1.17E-04	3.01E-05	9.72E-06	1.26E-10	2.17E-02
	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	6.46E-01	7.57E-14	3.07E-04	3.42E-05	1.94E-05	1.02E-07	5.99E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-3.53E-01	-1.78E-09	-9.00E-04	-8.38E-04	-8.80E-05	-1.70E-07	-6.17

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential; AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water; EP = Eutrophication Potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;



Parameters	describing r	esoui	ce use, pri	imary ener	gy			
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Froduct stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	7.65	1.60	9.25	8.61E+01	2.53E+01	1.18E+02
Construction	Transport	A4	0	0	5.36E-02	0	0	1.07
process stage	Construction	A5	7.65E-01	1.60E-01	1.05	8.61	9.59	1.35E+01
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	1.09E-03	0	0	2.17E-02
⊏na oi iite	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	1.04E-01	0	0	6.43E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	-2.70	0	0	-7.84

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;
PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw

materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



Parameters of	describing res	ource	use, secondary n	naterials and fuels	s, use of water	
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Froduct stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	5.79E-02
Construction	Transport	A4	0	0	0	9.93E-05
process stage	Construction	A5	0	0	0	6.14E-03
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	2.02E-06
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	1.59E-03
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	-2.32E-03

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water



Other enviro	nmental info	rmatic	on describing waste cate	egories	
			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.81E-06	6.46E-01	2.37E-03
Construction	Transport	A4	5.62E-08	8.17E-04	1.46E-06
process stage	Construction	A5	3.02E-07	1.49	2.61E-04
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0
F	Transport	C2	1.14E-09	1.66E-06	2.96E-08
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	7.462E-09	1.77	1.77E-05
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-2.08E-09	-3.18E-03	-6.49E-04

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



Other enviro	nmental inforr	nation	describing outpu	ut flows – at end c	of life	
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Froduct stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	0
Construction	Transport	A4	0	0	0	0
process stage	Construction	A5	0	0	0	8.88E-01
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	0
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	4.05
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy



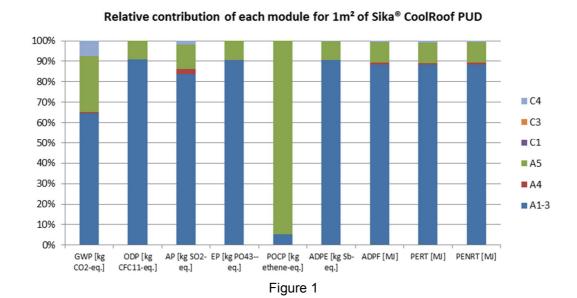
Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results
,	Truck	L/km	0.000051
4 – Transport to the	Distance:	km	700
uilding site	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns)	%	85
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m ³	1320
	Ancillary materials for installation: polyester fleece Sikalastic®-120	kg/m²	0.225
A5 – Installation in	Ancillary materials for installation: Overlap reinforcement	%	9
he building	Waste materials from installation wastage: Losses	%	10
	Direct emission to air, soil and water: VOC	kg/m²	0.427
32 – Maintenance	Module not declared	MND	MND
33 – Repair	Module not declared	MND	MND
34 – Replacement	Module not declared	MND	MND
B5 – Refurbishment	Module not declared	MND	MND
Reference service ife	The reference service life of Sika® CoolRoof PUD is defined by the base layer and it is stated by the ETA Certificate 12/0278. The provisions made in this ETA are based on an assumed working life of up 10 years	years	10
36 – Use of energy; 37 – Use of water	Module not declared	MND	MND
	Module not declared	MND	MND
	Waste for final disposal: Landfill	%	100
C1 to C4 End of life	Transport to waste processing: Truck, fuel consumption	L/km	0.000051
	Transport to waste processing: Distance	km	700
	Transport to waste processing: Capacity utilisation	%	85
Module D – Reuse / Recovery / Recycling Potential	The benefits from incineration of waste produced during insas avoided generation of electricity and thermal energy, single energy of combustion is used to produce power and thermal pallets from packaging is also included in Module D as avoided in Module D.	nce in modern incin al energy. The part	eration plants t ial reuse of



Interpretation

The display results in Figure 1 apply to Sika® CoolRoof PUD standard system with 1.5 mm. It shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use in a dominance analysis. It is clear that most impacts come from Module A1-3, though the installation of the system (A5) also contributes, due to the impacts from the membrane's application (the VOC emissions are visible for POCP - Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential), from the production of the reinforcement (especially for ADPE - Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements) and due to the disposal of waste to landfill (contributing to GWP -Global Warming Potential). For this reason, the Product Stage is examined more closely in the following interpretation.



Energy resource use

Pre-product manufacturing (70%), production (15%) and packaging (15%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials (88%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to electricity consumption) measures 11%.

Environmental impacts

The dominant influence in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 comes from pre-product manufacturing, with at least 84% in each case except in EP (26%). Within pre-product manufacturing, polymers play an important role regarding Global Warming Potential (GWP), Eutrophication Potential (EP), Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP), Abiotic Depletion Fossil (ADPF) and Ozone Layer Depletion Creation Potential (ODP), all with the highest values compare with the other components (60-99%). The fillers contribute the most (55%) to Abiotic Depletion Elements (ADPE).

The polymer is the raw material with the greatest effect on the impacts and it has also the greatest percentage by mass of the system. The packaging materials contribute mostly to POCP (5%) The thickeners, preservatives and other additives contribution are not significant. The plasticizers partake in the impacts to POCP and ADPF with 18% and 11%, respectively.



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